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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/808,896	03/25/2004	Bryan L. Dalton	LM(F)6496 NP	7411	
26294 75	90 11/01/2006		EXAMINER		
TAROLLI, SUNDHEIM, COVELL & TUMMINO L.L.P.			SAMS, MATTHEW C		
1300 EAST NINTH STREET, SUITE 1700 CLEVEVLAND, OH 44114		0	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2617		

DATE MAILED: 11/01/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)
10/808,896	DALTON ET AL.
Examiner	Art Unit
Matthew C. Sams	2617

	Matthew C. Sams	2617	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appear	ars on the cover sheet with the	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 16 October 2006 FAILS TO PLACE THIS A	PPLICATION IN CONDITION FO	R ALLOWANCE.	
1.  The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Not a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance time periods:	ring replies: (1) an amendment, a ice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in e with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply n	ffidavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)
a)  The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date b)  The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (1) TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 70	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set fort ter than SIX MONTHS from the maili b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN Th	ng date of the final rejecti	on.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ext under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the s set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	ension and the corresponding amoun hortened statutory period for reply ori than three months after the mailing d	t of the fee. The appropr ginally set in the final Offi	iate extension fee ce action; or (2) as
<ol> <li>The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed AMENDMENTS</li> </ol>	ision thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)),	to avoid dismissal of th	
<ol> <li>The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, t</li> <li>(a) They raise new issues that would require further cor</li> <li>(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below</li> </ol>	nsideration and/or search (see NO		ecause
<ul> <li>(c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in bett appeal; and/or</li> <li>(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a content of the present additional claims.</li> </ul>		. , .	the issues for
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	,	.,	
<ul> <li>4.  The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12</li> <li>5.  Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):</li> </ul>		ompliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).
<ol> <li>Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).</li> </ol>	·	·	_
7.  For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [ how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:	☐ will not be entered, or b) ☐ wided below or appended.	vill be entered and an e	explanation of
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected:			
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:  AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).</li> </ol>	I sufficient reasons why the affida	vit or other evidence is	s necessary and
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to or showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under apportant and was not earlier presented.	eal and/or appellant fa See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(	ils to provide a 1).
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	of the status of the claims after	entry is below or attacl	ned.
<ol> <li>The request for reconsideration has been considered but See Continuation Sheet.</li> </ol>	does NOT place the application	in condition for allowa	nce because:
<ul><li>12. ☐ Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (</li><li>13. ☐ Other:</li></ul>	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: In response to the applicant's argument regarding Averbuch does not disclose simultaneous reacharging and upgrading (Pages 8-9), the examiner disagrees. Averbuch specifically teaches a battery charger/software downloader (Fig. 1 [108]) that performs a dual function including "charging batteries for the portable wireless communication unit and performing software downloads when necessary" (Col. 2 lines 63-67) Therefore, it is obvious that the battery will need charged more often than the software updated, but device of Averbuch has the ability to charge/update simultaneously. Further proof can be seen by example in US-5,689,825 to Averbuch et al.

In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See In re McLaughlin, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971).

In response to the applicant's argument regarding the 35 U.S.C. 103 combinations (Page 9, 10 & 13-19), the examiner disagrees. If all of the limitations were found in Averbuch, then the issue would be a 35 U.S.C. 102. Further, the M.P.E.P. states "...there must be some suggestion or motivation, either in the references themselves...". The applicant is looking for the motivation within Averbuch, however the M.P.E.P. allows for the motivation to come from any of the references used.

LESTER G. KINCAID SUPERVISORY PRIMARY EXAMINER